

### Talent Insights® Team Report

Samuel Sample VP of Samples TTI 9-18-2020



Provided by:



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The TTI Talent Insights® Team Report is designed to increase the understanding of the team's makeup. The report provides insight into two distinct areas, behaviors and driving forces. Revealing a team's potential by identifying strengths and weaknesses will lead to personal and professional development and a higher level of productivity.

#### **Behaviors**

This section of the report is designed to help reveal how individual behaviors influence the team dynamic. The ability to interact effectively with other team members is key to a team's success, and this report reveals each individual's behavioral style within the team framework.

#### **Driving Forces**

This section of the report provides the why behind a team's actions. Understanding the dynamics of the drivers within the team, why they do what they do, reveals energizers, stressors and more about the team and its members.

#### Behaviors and Driving Forces Summary

This section is a visual representation of the team from a behavioral and driving forces standpoint ordered into primary, situational and indifferent clusters.



Predictable patterns of human nature can be accurately measured through behavioral assessments. A clear understanding of these predictable behaviors can enable productive outcomes. When individual behavioral scores are compiled to examine members of a team, managers are able to see areas of strength, pursue improvement opportunities, and secure the resources needed to deliver on organizational goals.

#### **CONTENTS OF THE REPORT**

- Overview A summary examining the composition of your team for both DISC and behavioral segmentation expressed as a percentage.
- Team Composition Defines the makeup of your organization by behavioral segment and shares the DISC graphs of individuals on your team.
- Behavioral Segment Analysis Examines the individuals within each segment, segment characteristics, ways to communicate, and ideal environment.
- Group Wheel Plots Identifies the natural, adapted, and migrated styles of each team member.
- Behavioral Style Comparison Compares individual scores to others on the team, team averages, and population means.

#### **TEAM MEMBER LIST**

Sue Anderson Amanda Doe Frank Jones John Smith Joe Williams

The TTI Success Insights® wheel is a graphic representation of a team's behavioral make-up among the four guadrants of the DISC wheel.

#### **OBSERVING DISC**

Have you ever noticed:

- Some people are forceful, direct, and results-oriented
- Some are optimistic, fun, and talkative
- Some are steady, patient, and relaxed
- Some are precise, accurate, and detail-oriented

#### **DEFINING DISC**

#### **Dominance**

How you respond to problems and challenges

#### Influence

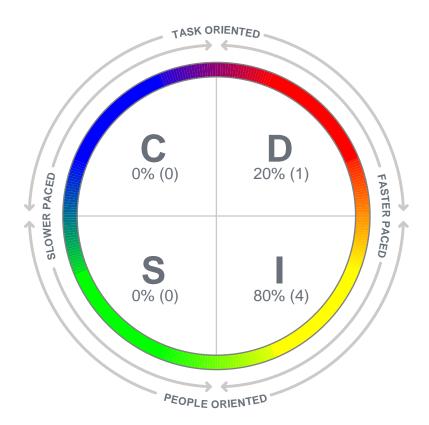
How you influence others to your point of view

#### **Steadiness**

How you respond to the pace of the environment

#### Compliance

How you respond to rules and procedures



### SUCCESS The TTI Success Insights® Wheel

The wheel illustrates the blending of the four DISC styles, while demonstrating the similarities and differences in behavioral styles among the team members. This wheel shows the behavioral composition of a team, represented as percentages in each of the eight segments.

#### **BEHAVIORAL SEGMENT DEFINITIONS**

**CONDUCTOR - D -** People who tend to be direct, decisive, and seek results.

**PERSUADER - D/I - People who tend to convince others by appealing to** reason, understanding, or emotion.

PROMOTER - I - People who tend to verbalize many thoughts to influence outcomes.

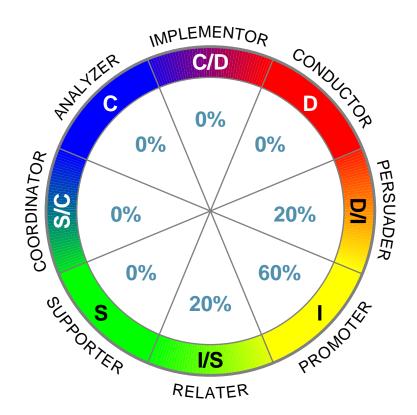
**RELATER - I/S -** People who tend to take time, think positively, and are focused on interpersonal relationships.

**SUPPORTER - S -** People who tend to be champions of sound ideas, working steadily and diligently to ensure a project is fully realized.

COORDINATOR - S/C - People who tend to be fact-oriented and adhere to proven methods to complete projects and tasks.

**ANALYZER - C -** People who tend to seek out accuracy in all activities and ensure the highest quality possible by gathering precise data.

IMPLEMENTOR - C/D - People who tend to assess, leverage facts and figures, and advance toward a solution.



### SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Promoter Team Characteristics - (I)

Promoters tend to verbalize many thoughts to influence outcomes. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Promoters.

#### STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Communicate well with others
- People-oriented
- Advocate for new ideas and products
- Bring the team together
- Enjoy convincing people

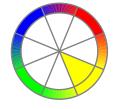
#### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Overly optimistic about team abilities
- React based on emotions
- Overvalue the skills of others
- Emphasize fun over efficiency
- Listen selectively to team members

### **BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES Task Oriented People Oriented Slower Paced**

#### **VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION**

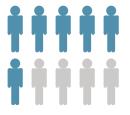
Effective use of humor Motivate others towards goals **Good mixer** 



17.46% of the Population

#### **WORDS THAT WORK**

**Flexible Exciting** Inspiring



60% of the Team

#### **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

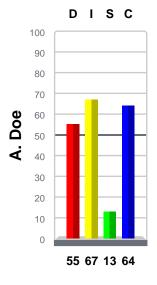
**Ordinary** Quiet **Strict** 

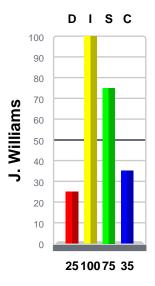
**Faster Paced** 

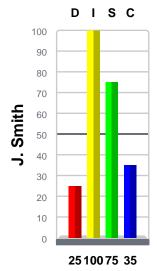
# TTI SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Promoter Team DISC Graphs - (I)

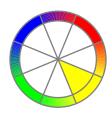
#### PROMOTER TEAM

Amanda Doe John Smith Joe Williams











### Persuader Team Characteristics - (D/I)

Persuaders tend to convince others by appealing to reason, understanding, or emotion. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Persuaders.

#### STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Get results through team members
- Use their intuition
- Decisive and aggressive when presented with challenges
- Independent and autonomous
- Engage others in projects and tasks

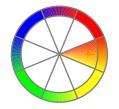
#### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Let emotions get in the way of decision-making
- Take on too many responsibilities at once
- Leave tasks unfinished
- Do not follow up and follow through as needed
- Avoid conflict within the team

### **BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES Task Oriented People Oriented Slower Paced Faster Paced**

#### **VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION**

**Cordially enterprising** Accomplishes goals through people **Innovative** 



12.68% of the Population

#### **WORDS THAT WORK**

**Amazing** Unprecedented **Extraordinary** 



20% of the Team

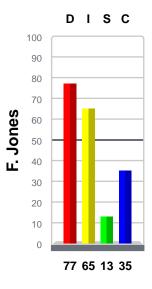
#### **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

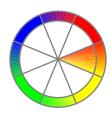
Standardized Structured Uniform

# TTI SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Persuader Team DISC Graphs - (D/I)

#### PERSUADER TEAM

Frank Jones





### SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Relater Team Characteristics - (I/S)

Relaters tend to take time, think positively, and are focused on interpersonal relationships. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Relaters.

#### STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Show loyalty
- Offer understanding and friendship
- Protect and value people and things
- Promote and implement ideas
- Help others using empathy and understanding

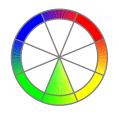
#### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Accept the current situation
- Hold grudges
- Agree with the opinions of others
- Avoid confrontation
- Act without urgency

# Task Oriented People Oriented Slower Paced Faster Paced

#### **VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION**

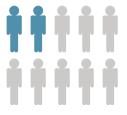
Cooperative member of the team Service-oriented Tenacious



**20.08%** of the Population

#### **WORDS THAT WORK**

Easygoing
Simple
Responsive



1/5 20% of the Team

#### **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

Complex

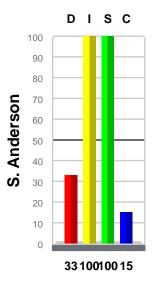
**Abstract** 

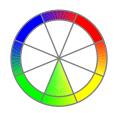
**Analytical** 

# TTI SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Relater Team DISC Graphs - (I/S)

#### **RELATER TEAM**

Sue Anderson







### SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Conductor Team Characteristics - (D)

Conductors tend to be direct, decisive, and seek results. The following information may be characteristics that are missing or could benefit the current team.

#### STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Energized by direct answers
- Enjoys confrontation
- Seeking problems to solve
- Comfortable with power and authority
- Happy to work on challenging assignments

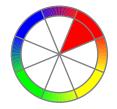
#### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Overstep authority within the team
- Dislike routine work
- Over delegate and under instruct
- Poor or selective listening
- Make decisions without all of the facts

### **BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES Task Oriented People Oriented Slower Paced Faster Paced**

#### **VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION**

Venturesome, ambitious **Pioneering** Self starter



7.12% of the Population

#### **WORDS THAT WORK**

Quick **Advantage Decisive** 



0% of the Team

#### **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

Inconsistent **Follow directions Patient** 



### SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Supporter Team Characteristics - (S)

Supporters tend to be champions of sound ideas, working steadily and diligently to ensure a project is fully realized. The following information may be characteristics that are missing or could benefit the current team.

#### STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Perform well in team environments
- Conform to established procedures
- Add stability to the team
- Focus on team activities
- Comfort others and show patience

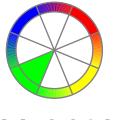
#### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Get into too much detail.
- Do the work themselves, rather than delegate
- Do not forgive faults or mistakes
- Resist team-initiated changes
- Lack a sense of urgency

### **BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES Task Oriented People Oriented Slower Paced Faster Paced**

#### **VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION**

**Consistent and steady Patient and empathetic Good listener** 



of the Population

#### **WORDS THAT WORK**

Consistent Usual Secure



0% of the Team

#### **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

Unexpected **Urgent** Confrontation



### SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Coordinator Team Characteristics - (S/C)

Coordinators tend to be fact-oriented and adhere to proven methods to complete projects and tasks. The following information may be characteristics that are missing or could benefit the current team.

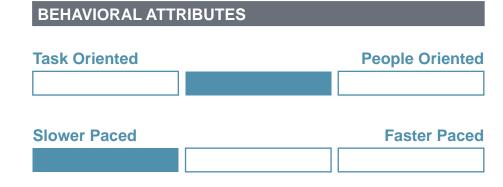
#### STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Shows self-discipline
- Understand and preserve the need for quality systems
- Follow projects through to completion
- Implement and fine-tune the plan
- Make tough decisions without letting emotions interfere

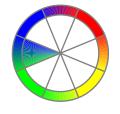
#### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Communicate indirectly
- Resist change without reasoning
- Suppress feelings
- Hide true feelings
- Downplay accomplishments



#### **VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION**

**Objective outlook Conscientious and steady Looks for logical solutions** 



of the Population

#### **WORDS THAT WORK**

Proven **Standard Organized** 



0% of the Team

#### **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

Unfamiliar Hectic Incomplete



### SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Analyzer Team Characteristics - (C)

Analyzers tend to seek out accuracy in all activities and are careful to gather precise data to ensure the highest quality possible. The following information may be characteristics that are missing or could benefit the current team.

#### STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Use data to problem solve
- Maintain high standards for self and subordinates
- Use facts to support their opinion and cause
- Think critically
- Accurate and precise

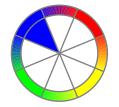
#### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Do the work themselves and do not delegate
- Keep their feelings to themselves
- Hesitate to act without sufficient facts
- Lean on team leader or supervisor
- Conceal new ideas

People Oriented
Faste

#### **VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION**

Will gather data for decision making Defines, clarifies, and tests **Maintains standards** 



of the Population

#### **WORDS THAT WORK**

**Factual Precise Verified** 



0% of the Team

#### **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

**Imagine Educated guess Experimental** 



### SUCCESS Implementor Team Characteristics - (C/D)

Implementors tend to assess, leverage facts and figures, and advance toward a solution. The following information may be characteristics that are missing or could benefit the current team.

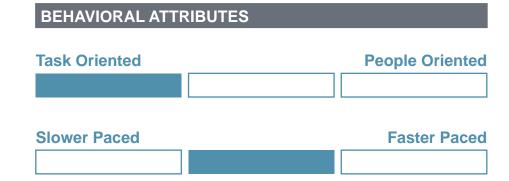
#### STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Use time well
- Finish tasks quickly
- Expect high performance standards
- Aware and sensitive to the cost of errors and mistakes
- Share creative ideas

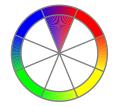
#### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Come across as insincere
- Disregard the feelings of team members
- Take on too much within the team
- Overuse facts and figures
- Become demanding under stress



#### **VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION**

Creativity **Excellent troubleshooter Pursues rational outcomes** 



of the Population

#### **WORDS THAT WORK**

**Function** Action

Data



0% of the Team

#### **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

Relax

**Perception** 

**Assume** 

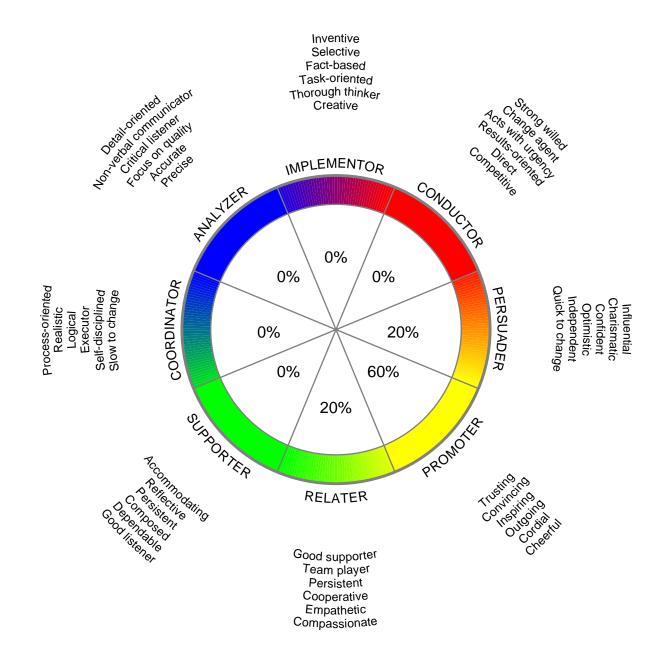
The following matrix illustrates the blending of the four DISC styles into eight segments. Each segment contains a definition and the percentage of team members in the respective segment. Segments are deliberately located beside the segment that has the opposing style.

CONDUCTOR - D (0%)	SUPPORTER - S (0%)
People who tend to be direct, decisive, and seek results.	People who tend to be champions of sound ideas, working steadily and diligently to ensure a project is fully realized.
PERSUADER - D/I (20%)	COORDINATOR - S/C (0%)
People who tend to convince others by appealing to reason, understanding, or emotion.	People who tend to be fact-oriented and adhere to proven methods to complete projects and tasks.
PROMOTER - I (60%)	ANALYZER - C (0%)
PROMOTER - I (60%)  People who tend to verbalize many thoughts to influence outcomes.	ANALYZER - C (0%)  People who tend to seek out accuracy in all activities and ensure the highest quality possible by gathering precise data.
<u> </u>	People who tend to seek out accuracy in all activities and ensure the

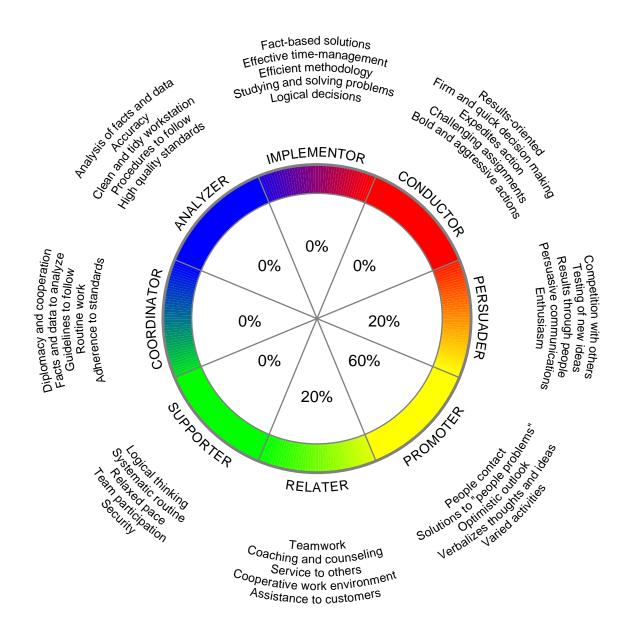
The following matrix illustrates the blending of the four DISC styles into eight segments. Each segment contains team members and the percentage of team members in the respective segment. Segments are deliberately located beside the segment that has the opposing style.

CONDUCTOR - D (0%)	SUPPORTER - S (0%)
PERSUADER - D/I (20%)	COORDINATOR - S/C (0%)
Frank Jones	
PROMOTER - I (60%)	ANALYZER - C (0%)
Amanda Doe	
John Smith Joe Williams	
RELATER - I/S (20%)	IMPLEMENTOR - C/D (0%)
Sue Anderson	

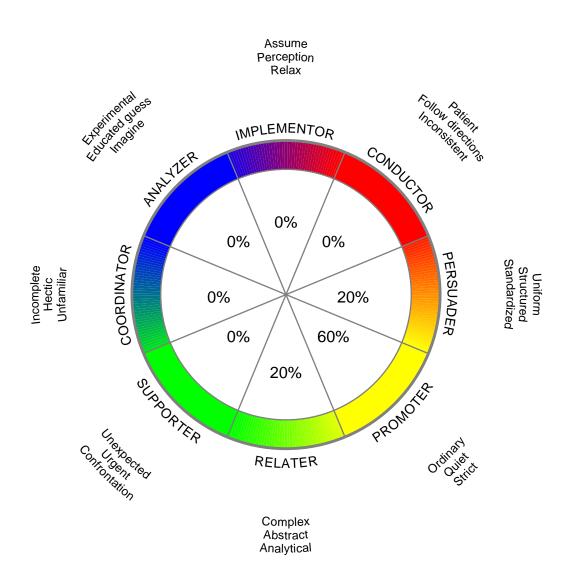
### SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Team Member Characteristics



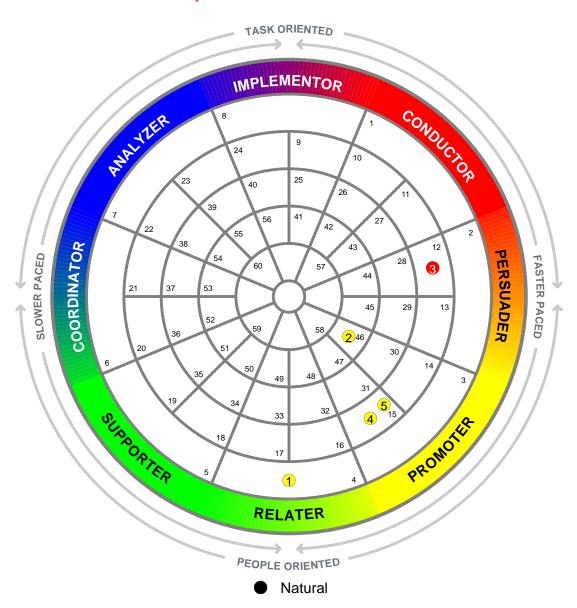
### SUCCESS Ideal Environment for Team Members



### SUCCESS Words That Don't Work with Team Members



# TTI SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Group Wheel Natural

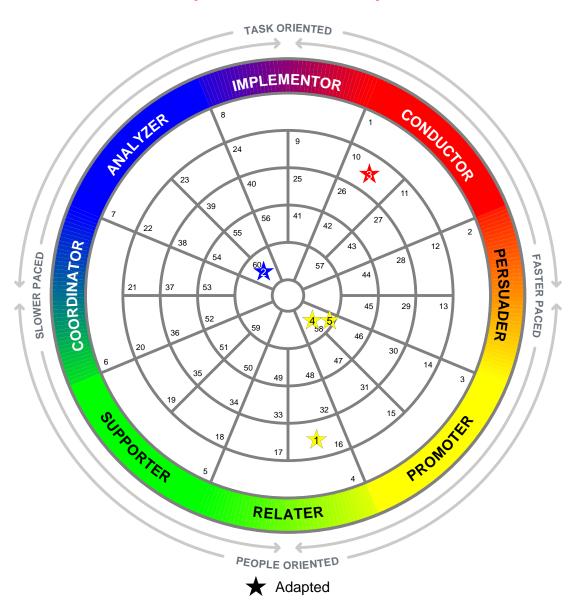


#### **TEAM MEMBERS**

- 1: Sue Anderson
- 2: Amanda Doe
- 3: Frank Jones
- 4: John Smith
- 5: Joe Williams



# SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Group Wheel Adapted

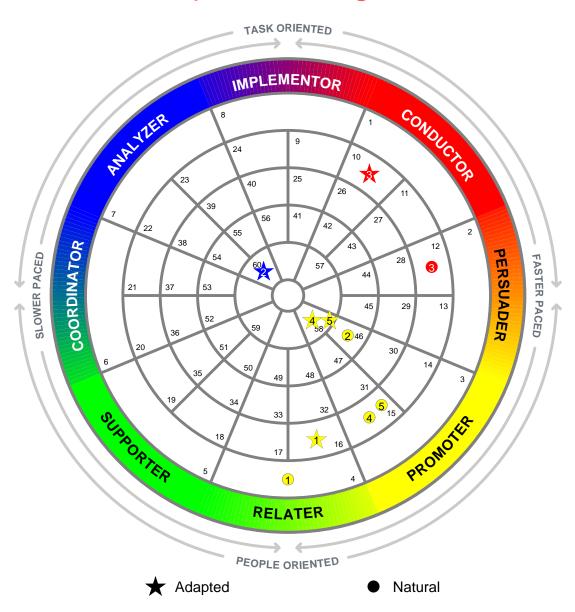


#### **TEAM MEMBERS**

- 1: Sue Anderson
- 2: Amanda Doe
- 3: Frank Jones
- 4: John Smith
- 5: Joe Williams



# SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Group Wheel Migration



#### **TEAM MEMBERS**

- 1: Sue Anderson
- 2: Amanda Doe
- 3: Frank Jones
- 4: John Smith
- 5: Joe Williams

Twelve behavioral factors that are critical to team success are measured in this assessment. Comprehending each phrase and its definition drives a common language that will enable you to compare individual scores, the team average, and the population means on subsequent pages.

Analysis - Compile, confirm and organize information.

**Competitive** - Want to win or gain an advantage.

**Consistent** - Perform predictably in repetitive situations.

**Customer-Oriented** - Identify and fulfill customer expectations.

**Persistence** - Finish tasks despite challenges or resistance.

**Following Policy** - Adhere to rules, regulations, or existing methods.

Frequent Change - Rapidly shift between tasks.

**Interaction** - Frequently engage and communicate with others.

**Organized Workplace** - Establish and maintain specific order in daily activities.

**People-Oriented** - Build rapport with a wide range of individuals.

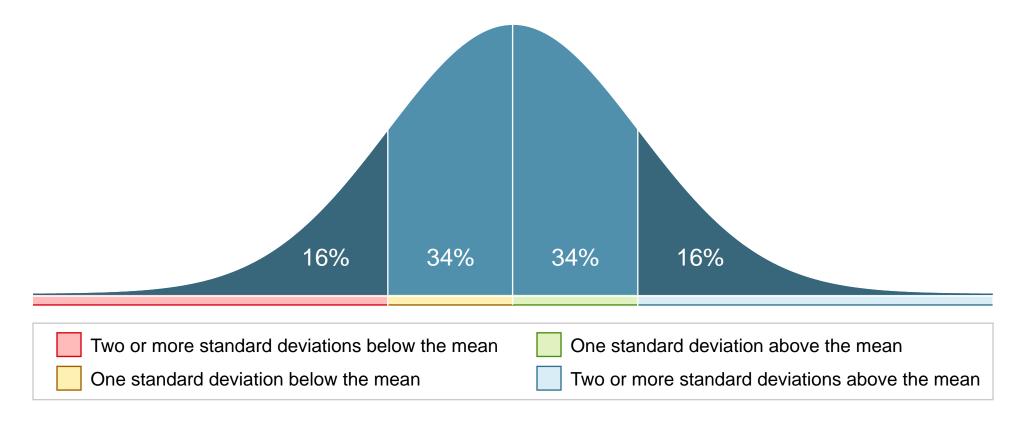
**Urgency** - Take immediate action.

**Versatile** - Adapt to various situations with ease.

Understanding how to read a bell curve and standard deviation will enable you to clearly analyze the composition of your team.

The bell curve, known as a normal distribution, is the most common type of distribution for a population. The highest point on the curve, represents the highest population of people, or the mean of the group. The standard deviation is a number used to show how data is spread out from the mean, representing a percentage of the total data collected.

For example, if the assessment scores of 100 people are collected and used in a normal probability distribution, 68 people, representing 68% of the 100 assessment scores, should fall within one standard deviation of the mean. Thirty four percent will be one standard deviation above the mean and 34% will be one standard deviation below the mean. The remaining 32% of people will be two or more standard deviations away from the mean. Sixteen percent will be two or more standard deviations above the mean and 16% will be two or more standard deviations below the mean.



One standard deviation below the mean

## TTI SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Behavioral Style Comparison

Behavioral Characteristics	4.00	n Avdi	derson A.De	&. <sup>Jo</sup>	nes J. Sr	jeth J. wii	ijans Mear
Interaction	85	100	55	70	100	100	60
People-Oriented	72	90	50	50	85	85	65
Customer-Oriented	71	83	50	43	90	90	64
Versatile	68	55	70	85	65	65	54
Frequent Change	65	60	68	80	58	58	52
Consistent	50	52	45	32	60	60	61
Competitive	48	40	60	80	30	30	49
Persistence	48	47	52	40	50	50	61
Following Policy	48	48	52	35	52	52	60
<b>Jrgency</b>	47	16	77	95	23	23	43
Analysis	33	15	60	40	25	25	53
Organized Workplace	30	15	55	30	25	25	51
Two or more standard deviations belo	ow the mea	ın				One stand	ard deviatio

Two or more standard deviations above the mean



#### **CONTENTS OF THE REPORT**

- Overview A summary examining the composition of your team's Driving Forces.
- Team Characteristics Defines the makeup of your organization by Driving Forces segment and shares the primary cluster graphs of individuals on your team.
- Primary Cluster Overview Lists each team member by their primary Driving Forces.
- Driving Forces Group Bars Identifies the primary, situational, and indifferent clusters of the team.
- Driving Forces Comparison Compares individual scores to others on the team, team averages, and population means.

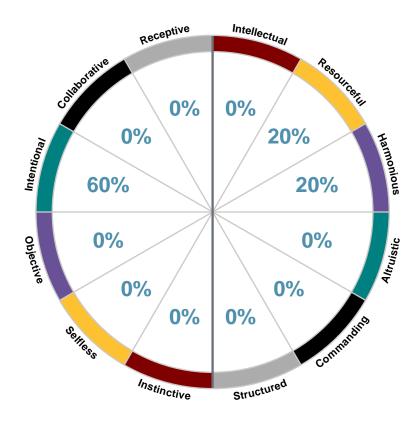
#### **TEAM MEMBER LIST**

Sue Anderson Amanda Doe Frank Jones John Smith Joe Williams

#### **OBSERVING DRIVING FORCES**

Have you ever noticed some people:

- Seek knowledge relevant and useful to their current situation
- Seek to expand their understanding and knowledge in all endeavors
- Tend to be unrestrained in the application of resources
- Tend to utilize and apply their resources to maximize return
- Seek function in their surroundings
- Seek to fully experience their surroundings
- Tend to be selective in who they help and serve
- Tend to serve, help and eliminate the suffering of others indiscriminately
- Seek to share power, recognition and control
- Seek to be recognized and control their own destiny
- Tend to remain open and flexible in their methodologies and approach to life
- Tend to live within defined systems and traditional approaches



Segment breakdown of each team member's #1 **Driving Force** 

**Instinctive** - People who are driven by utilizing past experiences, intuition and seeking specific knowledge when necessary.



**Intellectual** - People who are driven by opportunities to learn, acquire knowledge and the discovery of truth.

**Selfless** - People who are driven by completing tasks for the sake of completion, with little expectation of personal return.



Resourceful - People who are driven by practical results, maximizing both efficiency and returns for their investments of time, talent, energy and resources.

Objective - People who are driven by the functionality and objectivity of their surroundings.



Harmonious - People who are driven by the experience, subjective viewpoints and balance in their surroundings.

**Intentional** - People who are driven to assist others for a specific purpose, not just for the sake of being helpful or supportive.



Others

Altruistic - People who are driven to assist others for the satisfaction of being helpful or supportive.

Collaborative - People who are driven by being in a supporting role and contributing with little need for individual recognition.



Power

**Commanding** - People who are driven by status, recognition and control over personal freedom.

**Receptive** - People who are driven by new ideas, methods and opportunities that fall outside a defined system for living.



**Structured** - People who are driven by traditional approaches. proven methods and a defined system for living.



### SUCCESS Intentional Team Characteristics

The following information will give team members a clear understanding and appreciation of team members with Intentional as their number one driving force.

#### STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### **POTENTIAL STRENGTHS**

- Will help others when others are willing to work hard
- Seek to develop or help others when they can see future opportunities
- Downplay emotions when making decisions concerning people
- Choose who, when, and how much to help based on the desired outcome
- Expect people to be self-reliant and resist intervening until necessary

#### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- May expect something in return each time they help or serve others
- Focus on themselves, perhaps at the expense of others
- May create scenarios that benefit themselves more than others
- Tend to value people as an opportunity or resource rather than as an individual

#### ENERGIZERS

Intentional

Rely on self
Benefit personally
Develop internal advocates

#### STRESSORS

Disregard contribution
Support others in need
Make emotion-based decisions



14% of the Population

#### **WORDS THAT WORK**

Selective
Deliberate
Benefit



**3/5** 60% of the Team

#### **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

Altruistic

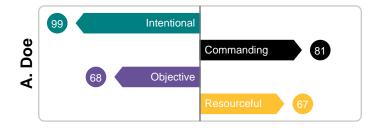
Volunteer Compassion Kindness

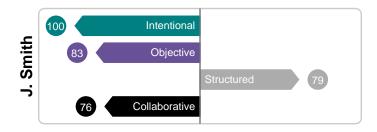
**Others** 

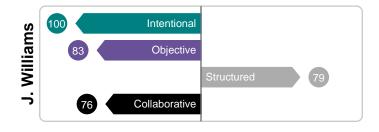
# TTI SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Intentional Primary Drivers

#### INTENTIONAL TEAM

Amanda Doe John Smith Joe Williams











### Resourceful Team Characteristics

The following information will give team members a clear understanding and appreciation of team members with Resourceful as their number one driving force.

#### STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Configure resources to maximize output
- Focus on the return on investment
- Maximize efficiency and productivity
- Sensitive to wasting time, resources, or opportunities
- Focus on achieving measurable and practical results

#### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- May be perceived as a workaholic
- May view material possessions and money as a scorecard
- Tend to view people and resources as tools to achieve an
- May only be willing to give if there is an opportunity for a return

### Selfless Resourceful

#### **ENERGIZERS**

**Obtain practical results** Focus on efficiency **Compensate based on performance** 

#### STRESSORS

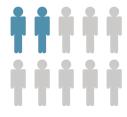
Be redundant Waste time Ignore the return on investment



of the Population

#### **WORDS THAT WORK**

**Profitable Maximize** Benefit



1/5 20% of the Team

#### **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

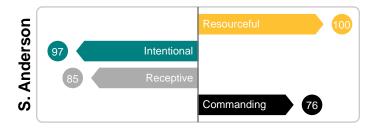
Rework **Endless** Casual



# TTI SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Resourceful Primary Drivers

# RESOURCEFUL TEAM

Sue Anderson







# SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Harmonious Team Characteristics

The following information will give team members a clear understanding and appreciation of team members with Harmonious as their number one driving force.

## STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Focus on the emotions and balance in the environment
- See the importance of the experience
- See value in and enjoy the experience of their surroundings
- Value the journey as much as the destination
- Seek to create harmony and balance in their surroundings and relationships

#### **POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES**

- An imbalance or distraction in one area may affect other or all aspects of life
- Pursuit of experiences supersedes practical concerns
- Concern for appearance may slow progress, function and tangible outcomes
- Subjective feeling can conflict with objective reality



## **ENERGIZERS**

Seek balance in life
Appreciate beauty and harmony
Express imagination

#### STRESSORS

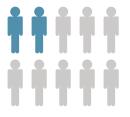
Encounter chaos
Have lackluster surroundings
Overemphasize function



**4%** of the Population

# **WORDS THAT WORK**

Subjective Expression Balance



1/5 20% of the Team

## **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

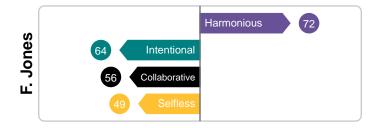
Dull
Compartmentalize
Function



# TTI SUCCESS Harmonious Primary Drivers

# HARMONIOUS TEAM

Frank Jones







# SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Altruistic Team Characteristics

The following information may be characteristics that are missing or could benefit the current team.

# STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### **POTENTIAL STRENGTHS**

- Take notice of and responds to people in need
- Seek to help and support others
- Believe that all people should have the opportunity to be the best they can be
- Volunteer and give generously of themselves
- Act to alleviate suffering of others

#### **POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES**

- Act to alleviate suffering of others even at their own detriment
- May support others at the expense of their own work
- May prioritize others' needs over their own needs
- Base personal decisions on the impact to others not self



#### **ENERGIZERS**

Realize the potential in others
Participate in charitable events
Eliminate conflict

#### STRESSORS

Act inconsiderately
Put self first
Observe favoritism



**6%** of the Population

## **WORDS THAT WORK**

Volunteer
Compassion
Comfort



**0/5**0% of the Team

# **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

Purposeful Intentional Selective

# SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Commanding Team Characteristics

The following information may be characteristics that are missing or could benefit the current team.

## STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Strive to advance their position
- Strive to set themselves apart
- Create winning strategies and outcomes
- Seek to control their own destiny
- Value status and public recognition

#### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Tend to have a me versus we attitude
- May not consider people in seeking personal advancement
- May over emphasize the need to control or direct people and projects
- Can be driven by the desire to achieve status and recognition

Collaborative Commanding

#### **ENERGIZERS**

Lead a group
Create and control destiny
Obtain status symbols

#### **STRESSORS**

Work behind the scenes
Have a small workspace
Delay personal advancement



13% of the Population

# **WORDS THAT WORK**

Award Win Lead



**0/5** 0% of the Team

# **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

Share
Supportive
Cooperative



# SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Structured Team Characteristics

The following information may be characteristics that are missing or could benefit the current team.

## STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Seek to establish standards by which they operate
- Value a traditional and proven approach
- Place a high value on working within defined and structured systems
- Tend to have a "code" by which to live
- May protect and potentially promote principles and beliefs

#### **POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES**

- Tend to resist change to established procedures
- May place personal ideology before that of the organization
- Can be closed-minded and judgmental toward other viewpoints
- Can over-promote their philosophy to others

Receptive



Structured

Methodologies

#### **ENERGIZERS**

Advance their cause Fit within a structure Seek consistency

#### **STRESSORS**

Ignore established protocols Redesign existing systems Disregard tradition



5% of the Population

## **WORDS THAT WORK**

Order
Constant
Ideology



**0/5** 0% of the Team

# **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

New methods Progressive Possibilities

# SUCCESS Instinctive Team Characteristics

The following information may be characteristics that are missing or could benefit the current team.

## STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### **POTENTIAL STRENGTHS**

- Comfortable starting a project before gathering all information
- Seek information that has a direct application
- Can rely on past experiences
- Seek specific information to address a current situation
- Understand the value of intuition

#### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- May disregard excess information
- Can rely too much on past experience and intuition
- May start a project without all the required information
- Tend to jump to conclusions without gathering all the information

#### Instinctive



Intellectual

Knowledge

#### **ENERGIZERS**

Learn on demand
Discover specific knowledge
Decide based on intuition

#### **STRESSORS**

Discuss hypothetical subjects
Excessively learn
Conduct extensive research



3% of the Population

## **WORDS THAT WORK**

Specific Intuitive Relevant



**0/5**0% of the Team

# **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

Comprehensive Examine

**Classify** 



# SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Selfless Team Characteristics

The following information may be characteristics that are missing or could benefit the current team.

## STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Willing to participate without consideration for personal circumstance
- Focus on the completion of a task rather than efficiency
- Provide assistance and resources with minimal expectation of
- Define value or success by what comes out of a situation not what is put in
- Accomplish tasks simply for the sake of accomplishment

#### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Tend to have casual approach to how performance is measured
- May value completion of the tasks over time, resources, or talent limitations
- May view activity as productivity
- Can potentially waste resources



Resourceful

## **ENERGIZERS**

Work on unrestricted projects **Act spontaneous Complete tasks** 

#### **STRESSORS**

Focus on the process **Assess practical results** Measure success through efficiency



of the Population

# **WORDS THAT WORK**

Accomplish Complete Casual



0% of the Team

## **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

Gain

**Efficient** 

**Benefit** 



# SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Objective Team Characteristics

The following information may be characteristics that are missing or could benefit the current team.

## STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Emphasize the destination not the journey
- Isolate personal challenges and remains focused on the task
- Focus on the function not the appearance
- Compartmentalize and focus on the situation
- Can succeed in chaotic environments

#### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Tend to miss the overall experience by focusing only on tangible components
- May ignore environments that are potentially distracting for others
- May overemphasize the function with disregard for appearance
- Can over compartmentalize and miss the issues of the whole picture

# **Objective**



Harmonious

**Surroundings** 

#### **ENERGIZERS**

Decide based on data
Compartmentalize
Appreciate functionality

#### **STRESSORS**

Pursue intangible ideas
Be subjective
Focus on harmony



12% of the Population

## **WORDS THAT WORK**

Reality Detach

**Factual** 



**0/5**0% of the Team

# **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

Harmony

**Beauty** 

**Subjective** 

# SUCCESS Intellectual Team Characteristics

The following information may be characteristics that are missing or could benefit the current team.

## STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### **POTENTIAL STRENGTHS**

- Seek to make the unknown known
- Eager to learn and discover
- Research much more thoroughly compared to others
- Focus on information and facts
- Continually seek new knowledge and information

#### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Can be perceived as lacking common sense
- May pursue knowledge at the expense of practical matters
- May make decisions without subjective or emotional considerations
- Can value discovery over other priorities



#### **ENERGIZERS**

Objectively analyze ideas
Devote time to learn
Increase knowledge

#### **STRESSORS**

Approach ideas subjectively Make educated guesses Rush through learning



16% of the Population

# **WORDS THAT WORK**

Learn
Research
Identify



**0/5**0% of the Team

# **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

**Guess** 

Apply

Intuitive



# SUCCESS Collaborative Team Characteristics

The following information may be characteristics that are missing or could benefit the current team.

## STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Seek to fit in rather than stand out
- Feels comfortable in a supporting role
- Focus on what they contribute versus advancing their position
- Works behind the scenes to accomplish outcomes
- Set aside their own agenda for the good of the company/community

#### **POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES**

- Can be uncomfortable when they are singled out for their contribution
- Tend to back down on issues important to them to not "rock the boat"
- May pass on leadership opportunities
- May be overlooked because they do not promote themselves

## Collaborative



Commanding

Power

#### **ENERGIZERS**

Feel included
Join supportive environments
Work on team projects

#### **STRESSORS**

Recognize individual achievements
Lead involuntarily
Be in egotistical environments



**4%** of the Population

# **WORDS THAT WORK**

Cooperative
Supportive
Together



**0/5** 0% of the Team

# **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

Individual Command Status



# SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Receptive Team Characteristics

The following information may be characteristics that are missing or could benefit the current team.

# STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

#### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Consider themselves an independent thinker
- Draw from many systems and ways of thinking to create something new
- Open to new ideas, methods and opportunities
- Seek new ways to accomplish routine tasks
- Adopt only aspects of systems if they see a benefit

#### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Resist systems or structures being forced on them
- Resist overly structured ways of thinking and approaches
- Question every system and every step in a system
- Seek change for the sake of change

## Receptive



Structured

Methodologies

#### **ENERGIZERS**

**Create new systems Explore possibilities Question unnecessary protocols** 

#### **STRESSORS**

Follow outdated processes Work with restrictions Support status quo



of the Population

## **WORDS THAT WORK**

**Agile Options Possibilities** 



0% of the Team

# **WORDS THAT DON'T WORK**

**Hierarchy** Routine

**Tradition** 

Instinctive		Intellectual
	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	

	Selfless		Resourceful
			Sue Anderson
		1	
		2	
		3	
Frank Jones			Amanda Doe
		4	

Objective		Harmonious
		Frank Jones
	1	
John Smith Joe Williams		
	2	
Amanda Doe		
	3	
	4	

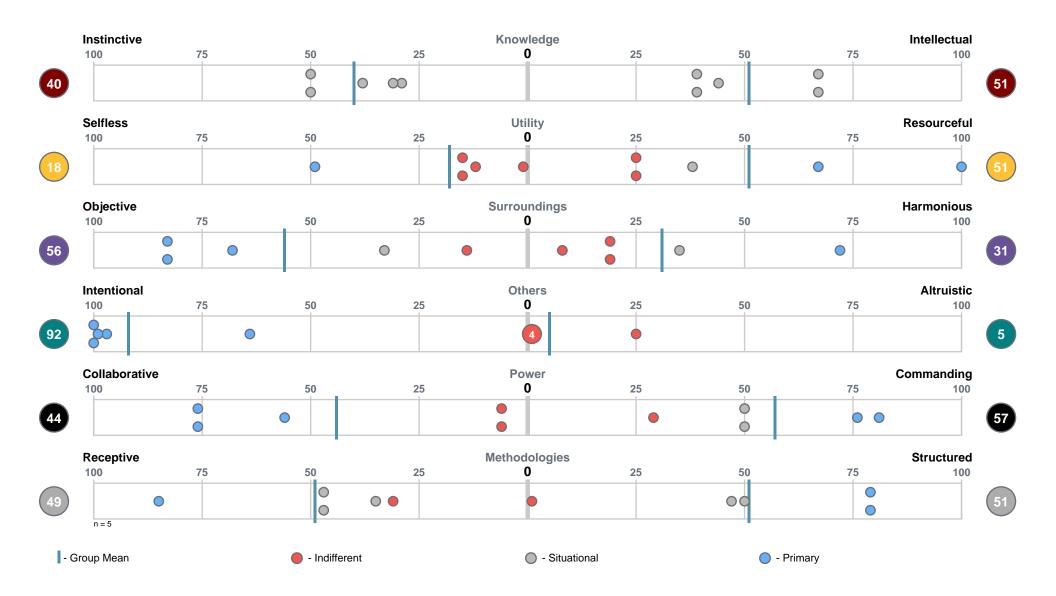
	Intentional		Altruistic
Amanda Doe John Smith Joe Williams	intentional	1	Airuistic
Sue Anderson Frank Jones		2	
		3	
		4	

	Collaborative		Commanding	
		1		
		Amanda	Doe	
		2		
Frank Jones				
		3		
John Smith Joe Williams		Sue And	erson	
		4		

# , TTI SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Methodologies Overview

	Receptive		Structured
		1	
		2	
Sue Anderson		John Smith Joe Williams	
		4	

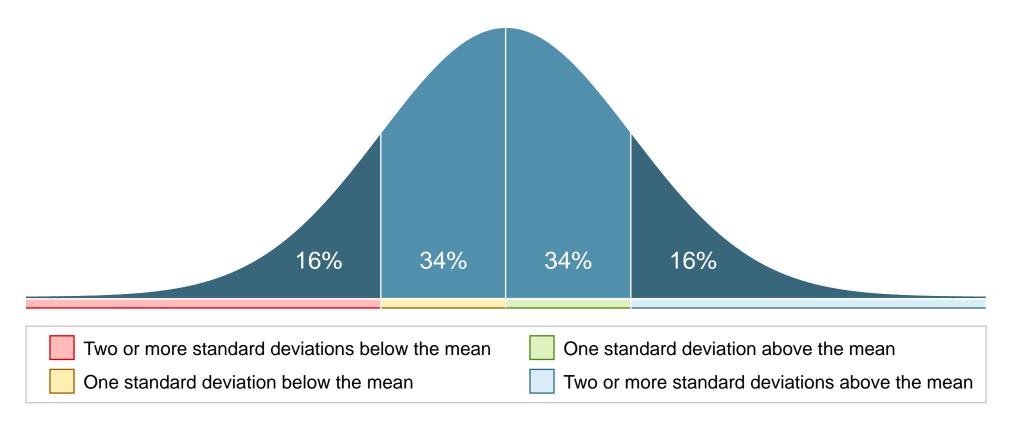
# TTI SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Driving Forces Group Bars



Understanding how to read a bell curve and standard deviation will enable you to clearly analyze the composition of your team.

The bell curve, known as a normal distribution, is the most common type of distribution for a population. The highest point on the curve, represents the highest population of people, or the mean of the group. The standard deviation is a number used to show how data is spread out from the mean, representing a percentage of the total data collected.

For example, if the assessment scores of 100 people are collected and used in a normal probability distribution, 68 people, representing 68% of the 100 assessment scores, should fall within one standard deviation of the mean. Thirty four percent will be one standard deviation above the mean and 34% will be one standard deviation below the mean. The remaining 32% of people will be two or more standard deviations away from the mean. Sixteen percent will be two or more standard deviations above the mean and 16% will be two or more standard deviations below the mean.

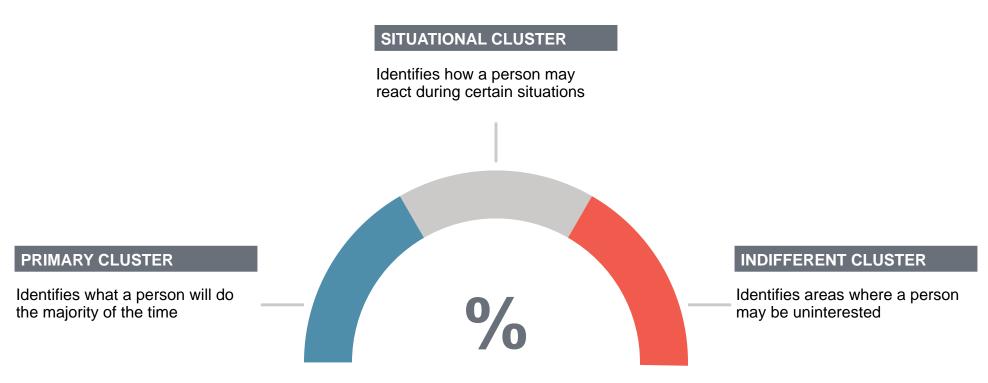


# SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Driving Forces Comparison

		eng.	reon	/ /			ms
Driving Forces	16st	ANG.	A.Dr	e 6.70	nes J. St	).wii	Mea.
Intentional	92	97	99	64	100	100	51
Commanding	57	76	81	29	50	50	50
Objective	56	33	68	14	83	83	50
Intellectual	51	39	44	39	67	67	54
Resourceful	51	100	67	38	25	25	42
Structured	51	0	50	47	79	79	38
Receptive	49	85	35	31	47	47	46
Collaborative	44	6	6	56	76	<b>76</b>	35
Instinctive	40	29	31	38	50	50	29
Harmonious	31	35	8	72	19	19	35
Selfless	18	0	12	49	15	15	40
Altruistic	5	0	0	25	0	0	33
Two or more standard deviations belong to the more standard deviation below the m		n				One standa	

# Behaviors and Driving Forces Summary

Behaviors and Driving Forces can be grouped into clusters, falling into one of three categories: primary, situational, and indifferent. Primary clusters best identify how and why a person will do what they do the majority of the time. Situational clusters show how a person may react in certain situations. Indifferent clusters highlight areas where a person may be uninterested or needing to adapt to a given situation. Using these clusters in a team setting can identify strengths and weaknesses within the team and may highlight opportunities or a missing component of the team.

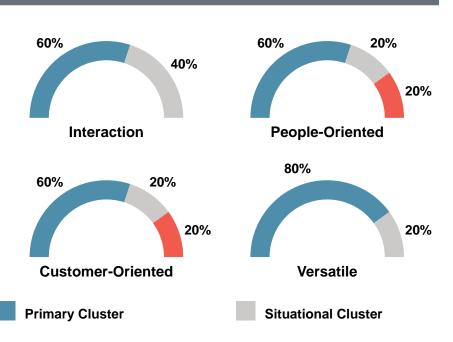


# SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Primary Cluster Summary

# **BEHAVIORAL PRIMARY CLUSTER**

Behavioral Characteristics	Team Avg.	Mean
Interaction	85	60
People-Oriented	72	65
Customer-Oriented	71	64
Versatile	68	54

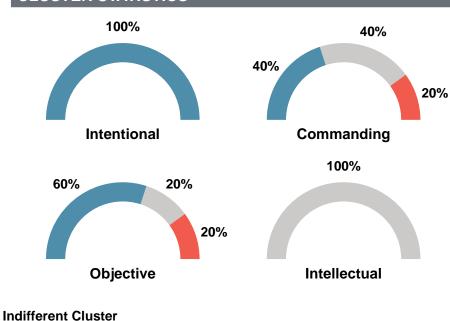
# **CLUSTER STATISTICS**



# **DRIVING FORCES PRIMARY CLUSTER**

Driving Forces	Team Avg.	Mean
Intentional	92	51
Commanding	57	50
Objective	56	50
Intellectual	51	54

# **CLUSTER STATISTICS**

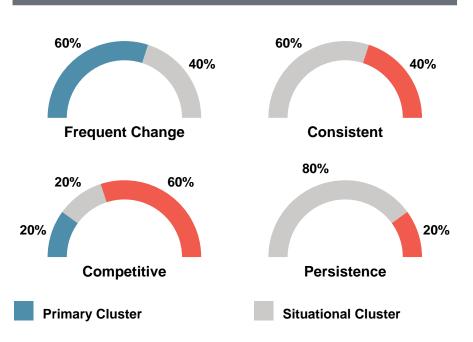


# SUCCESS Situational Cluster Summary

# **BEHAVIORAL SITUATIONAL CLUSTER**

Behavioral Characteristics	Team Avg.	Mean
Frequent Change	65	52
Consistent	50	61
Competitive	48	49
Persistence	48	61

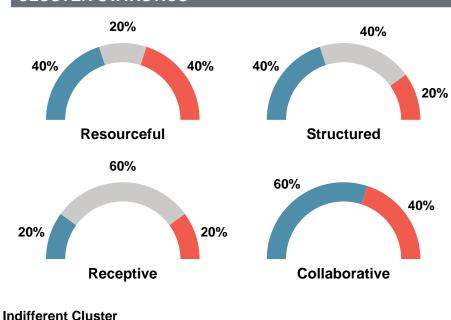
# **CLUSTER STATISTICS**



# **DRIVING FORCES SITUATIONAL CLUSTER**

Driving Forces	Team Avg.	Mean
Resourceful	51	42
Structured	51	38
Receptive	49	46
Collaborative	44	35

# **CLUSTER STATISTICS**

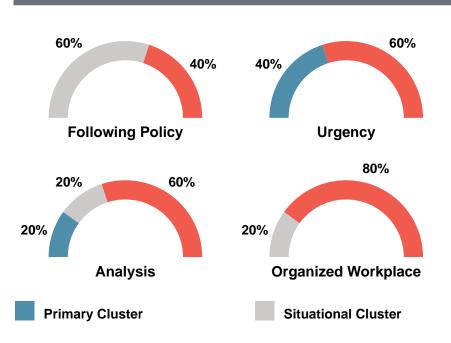


# SUCCESS Indifferent Cluster Summary

# **BEHAVIORAL INDIFFERENT CLUSTER**

Behavioral Characteristics	Team Avg.	Mean
Following Policy	48	60
Urgency	47	43
Analysis	33	53
Organized Workplace	30	51

# **CLUSTER STATISTICS**



# **DRIVING FORCES INDIFFERENT CLUSTER**

Driving Forces	Team Avg.	Mean
Instinctive	40	29
Harmonious	31	35
Selfless	18	40
Altruistic	5	33

# **CLUSTER STATISTICS**

